DEC 1 4 2010

510(K) SUMMARY OF SAFETY AND EFFECTIVENESS

In accordance with the Food and Drug Administration Rule to implement provisions of the Safe Medical Devices Act of 1990 and in conformance with 21 CRF 807.92, this information serves as a Summary of Safety and Effectiveness for the use of the INBONETM Total Ankle System (Device Modification).

A.1. Submitted By: Wright Medical Technology, Inc.

5677 Airline Rd Arlington, TN 38002

Date: November 16, 2010

Contact Person: Kelsey Lee

Regulatory Affairs Specialist II

(901) 290-5909

A.2. Proprietary Name: INBONETM Total Ankle System (Device

Modification)

Common Name: Ankle Prosthesis

Device Classification Regulation: 21 CFR 888.3110--Class II

Device Product Code & Panel: HSN: Ankle joint metal/polymer semi-constrained

cemented prosthesis

87 Orthopedics

A.3. Predicate Device: INBONETM Total Ankle System (K051023)

A.4. Device Description

The INBONE™ Total Ankle System consists of tibial trays, talar domes, poly inserts, tibial stems and talar stems.

The design features of the INBONETM Total Ankle System device modification are substantially equivalent to the design features of the predicate INBONETM Total Ankle System devices.

A.5. Intended Use

The INBONETM Total Ankle is intended to give a patient limited mobility by reducing pain, restoring alignment and replacing the flexion and extension movement in the ankle joint.

The INBONETM Total Ankle is indicated for patients with ankle joints damaged by severe rheumatoid, post-traumatic, or degenerative arthritis.

The INBONETM Total Ankle is additionally indicated for patients with a failed previous ankle surgery.

CAUTION: The ankle prosthesis is intended for cement use only.

The indications are identical to the legally marketed predicate device.

A.6. Technological Characteristics Comparison

The modified INBONE™ Total Ankle System and the legally marketed predicate INBONE™ Total Ankle System have identical indications, utilize the same instruments, and have similar design features.

The device modification in the subject INBONETM Total Ankle System differs from the legally marketed predicate in the addition of a new size.

B.1. Substantial Equivalence - Non-Clinical Evidence

Substantial equivalence was shown through fatigue testing. The results of the fatigue test show that the additional size can be expected to perform at least as well as the legally marketed predicate.

The safety and effectiveness of the INBONETM Total Ankle System additional size is adequately supported by the substantial equivalence information, materials information, and comparison of design characteristics provided within the Premarket Notification.

B.2. Substantial Equivalence – Clinical Evidence

N/A

B.3. Substantial Equivalence - Conclusions

Substantial equivalence is shown through fatigue testing. The materials, indications and design features are identical and the subject and predicate differ in overall length, but no new types of safety and effectiveness questions can be expected. From the evidence given in the Premarket Notification, the subject devices can be expected to perform at least as well as the predicate devices.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES



Food and Drug Administration 10903 New Hampshire Avenue Document Mail Center - WO66-G609 Silver Spring, MD 20993-0002

DEC 1 4 2010

Wright Medical Technology, Inc. % Ms. Kelsey Lee 5677 Airline Road Arlington, TN 38002

Re: K103374

Trade/Device Name: INBONE Total Ankle System

Regulation Number: 21 CFR 888.3110

Regulation Name: Ankle joint metal/polymer semi-constrained cemented prosthesis

Regulatory Class: II Product Code: HSN

Dated: November 16, 2010 Received: November 17, 2010

Dear Ms. Lee:

We have reviewed your Section 510(k) premarket notification of intent to market the device referenced above and have determined the device is substantially equivalent (for the indications for use stated in the enclosure) to legally marketed predicate devices marketed in interstate commerce prior to May 28, 1976, the enactment date of the Medical Device Amendments, or to devices that have been reclassified in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (Act) that do not require approval of a premarket approval application (PMA). You may, therefore, market the device, subject to the general controls provisions of the Act. The general controls provisions of the Act include requirements for annual registration, listing of devices, good manufacturing practice, labeling, and prohibitions against misbranding and adulteration. Please note: CDRH does not evaluate information related to contract liability warranties. We remind you, however, that device labeling must be truthful and not misleading.

If your device is classified (see above) into either class II (Special Controls) or class III (PMA), it may be subject to additional controls. Existing major regulations affecting your device can be found in the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 21, Parts 800 to 898. In addition, FDA may publish further announcements concerning your device in the <u>Federal Register</u>.

Please be advised that FDA's issuance of a substantial equivalence determination does not mean that FDA has made a determination that your device complies with other requirements of the Act or any Federal statutes and regulations administered by other Federal agencies. You must comply with all the Act's requirements, including, but not limited to: registration and listing (21 CFR Part 807); labeling (21 CFR Part 801); medical device reporting (reporting of medical device-related adverse events) (21 CFR 803); good manufacturing practice requirements as set

forth in the quality systems (QS) regulation (21 CFR Part 820); and if applicable, the electronic product radiation control provisions (Sections 531-542 of the Act); 21 CFR 1000-1050. If you desire specific advice for your device on our labeling regulation (21 CFR Part 801), please go to http://www.fda.gov/AboutFDA/CentersOffices/CDRH/CDRHOffices/ucm115809.htm for the Center for Devices and Radiological Health's (CDRH's) Office of Compliance. Also, please note the regulation entitled, "Misbranding by reference to premarket notification" (21CFR Part 807.97). For questions regarding the reporting of adverse events under the MDR regulation (21 CFR Part 803), please go to

http://www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/Safety/ReportaProblem/default.htm for the CDRH's Office of Surveillance and Biometrics/Division of Postmarket Surveillance.

You may obtain other general information on your responsibilities under the Act from the Division of Small Manufacturers, International and Consumer Assistance at its toll-free number (800) 638-2041 or (301) 796-7100 or at its Internet address http://www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/ResourcesforYou/Industry/default.htm.

Sincerely yours,

Mark N. Melkerson

Director

Division of Surgical, Orthopedic and Restorative Devices Office of Device Evaluation

Center for Devices and

Radiological Health

Enclosure

Indications for Use

510(k) Number (if known): **K103374** Device Name: INBONETM Total Ankle System Indications For Use: Total ankle arthroplasty is intended to give a patient limited mobility by reducing pain, restoring alignment and replacing the flexion and extension movement in the ankle joint. Total ankle arthroplasty is indicated for patients with ankle joints damaged by severe rheumatoid, posttraumatic, or degenerative arthritis. The ankle prosthesis is additionally indicated for patients with a failed previous ankle surgery. CAUTION: The ankle prosthesis is intended for cement use only. Prescription Use AND/OR Over-The-Counter Use (Part 21 CFR 801 Subpart D) (21 CFR 807 Subpart C) (PLEASE DO NOT WRITE BELOW THIS LINE-CONTINUE ON ANOTHER PAGE IF NEEDED) Concurrence of CDRH, Office of Device Evaluation (ODE) for M. Welkorm 1 of 1 (Division Sign-Oft) Division of Surgical, Orthopedic, and Restorative Devices